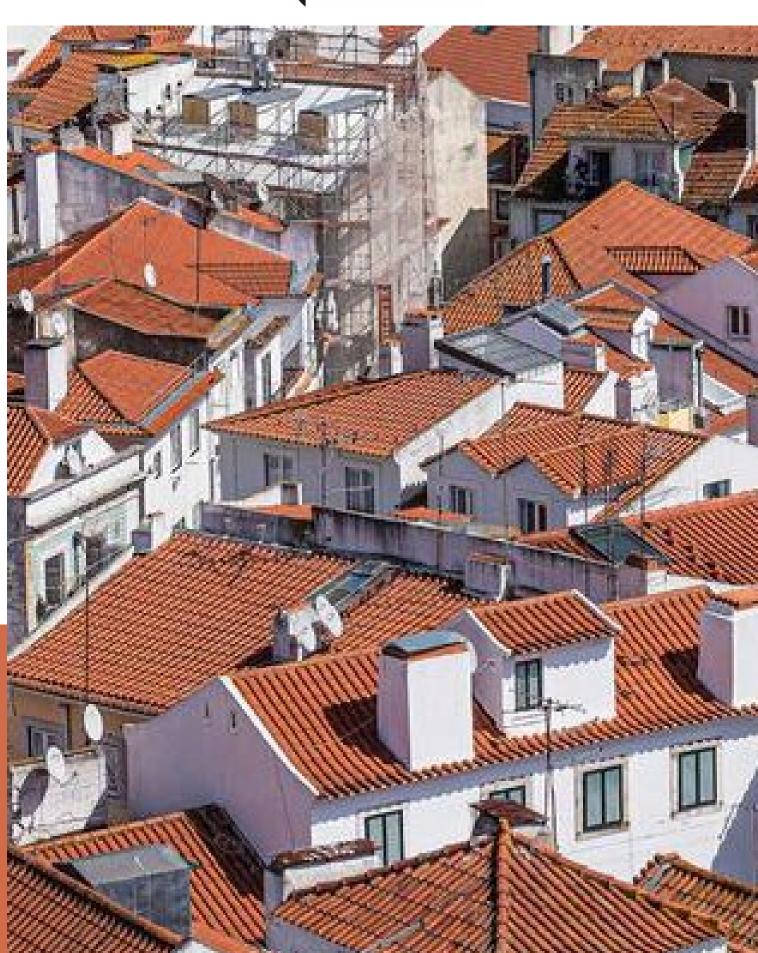




Young Generations, Housing, and Inequality in Southern Europe

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1. INTRODUCTION & CONTEXT

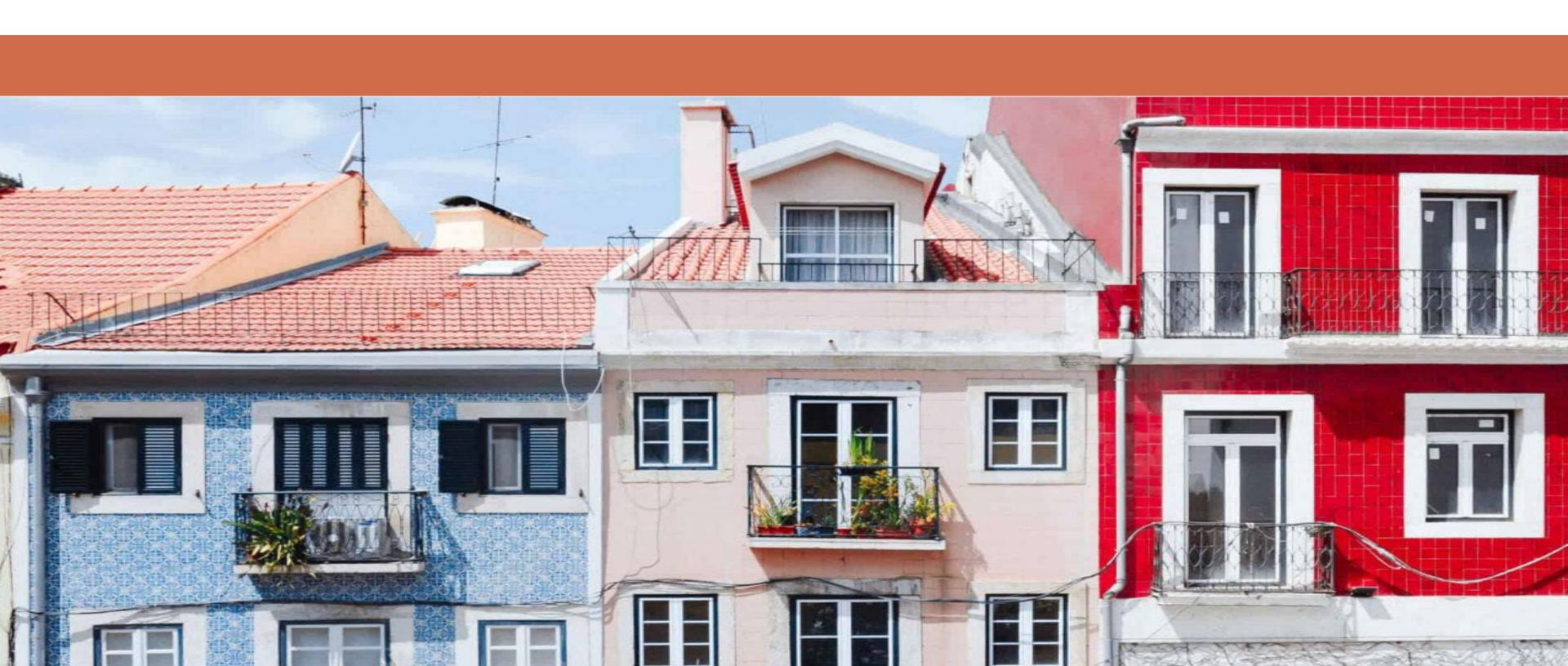
Young generations and housing inequality in Southern Europe (SE): Why?

- Portugal, Spain, Italy, and Greece have undergone significant changes in their housing systems: 2008 Global Financial Crisis, Troika interventions, homeownership dynamics, family structures, fragile welfare systems, financialization, touristification, and the Urban Lease Regime.
- These changes in housing among young people in SE could lead to intergenerational housing inequality (access to housing and the quality of dwellings).
- Multiple crises: COVID-19, the Russia-Ukraine and Israel-Hamas wars, the climate crisis, and the energy crisis—further exacerbate these issues.





2. DATA AND METHODS



2. DATA AND METHODS

- Multimethod approach;
- Systematic literature review;
- Quantitative data from Eurostat;
- Qualitative data of housing policy for young people in Southern European countries 97 documents, including 71 legislative documents, 29 news articles, 20 websites four PowerPoint presentations, and 22 other documents.





3.1 Search conducted in the electronic databases

Records identified through databases prior to Identification deduplication n = 448Scopus (263) and Web of Science (185) Excluded from review n = 110Records after applying eligibility criteria n = 338Duplicates remove n = 204Screened by title, abstract and keywords n = 134Further excluded n = 88Literature included in the literature review n = 4640 articles, 1 book and 5 book chapters







Literature review: search strategy

Source	Therms of research		
Scopus	"young people" OR youth OR generation* AND housing AND welfare OR polic* AND "Southern Europe" OR Portugal OR Spain OR Italy OR Greece	128	
Scopus	"young people" OR youth OR generation* AND housing AND welfare OR inequality OR polic* AND "Southern Europe" OR Portugal OR Spain OR Italy OR Greece	135	
Web of	"young people" OR youth OR generation* AND housing AND welfare OR polic* AND "Southern Europe" OR Portugal OR Spain OR Italy OR Greece	89	
Science	"young people" OR youth OR generation* AND housing AND welfare OR inequality OR polic* AND "Southern Europe" OR Portugal OR Spain OR Italy OR Greece	96	

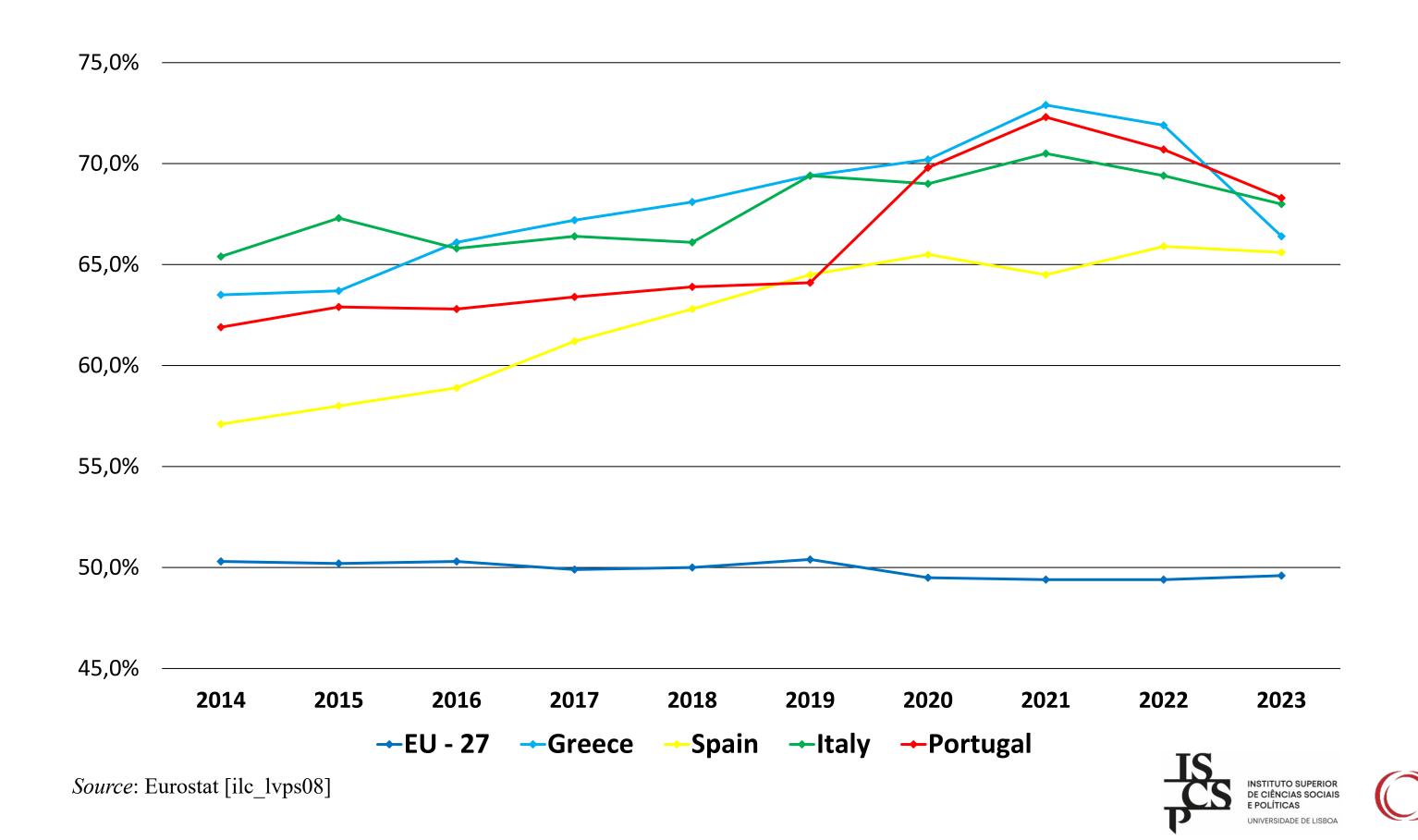




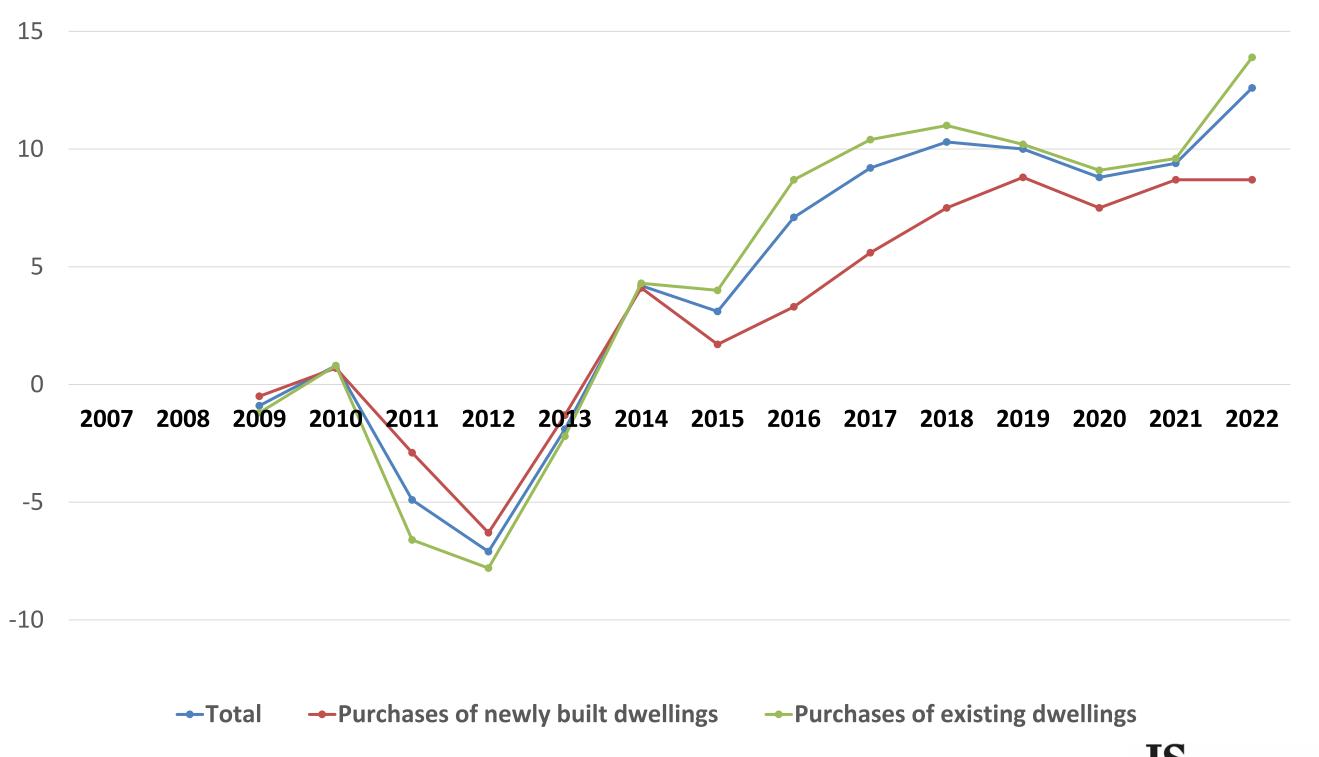
3. PRELIMINARY FINDINGS



Persons from 18 to 34 years, living with their parents, 2014-2023



Portugal house price index, 2007-2022



Source: Eurostat [ilc_lvps08]



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Systematic literature review: findings

	Precarity, labor market and economy	Housing market	Family, income, and social class	Cultural system
Countries				
Portugal	(Breidenbach, 2018) (Newman & Aptekar, 2008) (2)	(Alves et al., 2023) (Jorge, 2022) (Mendes, 2020) (Newman & Aptekar, 2008) (2) (Abeal-Vázquez & Sánchez Santos, 2012) (5)	(Lameira et al., 2022) (Breidenbach, 2018)	(Breidenbach, 2018)
Spain	(Byrne, 2020) (González, 2019) (Breidenbach, 2018) (Guerrero, 2017) (Newman, 2008) (1) (Newman & Aptekar, 2008) (2) (Moreno, 2012)(4)	(Colom Andrés & Molés Machí, 2019) (Redaelli, 2019) (Echaves-García, 2017) (Ahn & Sánchez-Marcos, 2017) (Newman & Aptekar, 2008) (2) (Rodríguez, 2010) (3) (Blanco & Subirats, 2008) (Moreno, 2012) (4) (Abeal-Vázquez & Sánchez Santos, 2012) (5)	(Breidenbach, 2018) (Guerrero, 2017)	(Breidenbach, 2018) (Newman, 2008) (1)
Italy	Di Feliciantonio & Dagkouly-Kyriakoglou, 2022 (Gritti & Cutuli, 2021) (Bertolini & Goglio, 2019) (Breidenbach, 2018) (Newman, 2008) (1) (Newman & Aptekar, 2008) (2)	(Newman & Aptekar, 2008) (2) (Berloffa & Villa, 2010) (Scoccianti, 2010)	(Stanojevic & Tomasevic, 2021) (Grevenbrock et al., 2023) (Manzo et al., 2019) (Breidenbach, 2018) (Mattioli & De Luigi, 2018)	(Stanojevic & Tomasevic, 2021) (Breidenbach, 2018) (Newman, 2008) (1)
Greece	Di Feliciantonio & Dagkouly-Kyriakoglou, 2022 (Breidenbach, 2018) (Newman & Aptekar, 2008) (2)	(Newman & Aptekar, 2008) (2)	(Dagkouli- Kyria koglou, 2022) (Breidenbach, 2018)	(Breidenbach, 2018)

⁽¹⁾ Comparative: Denmark, Spain, Italy, Japan, and Sweden.

⁽²⁾ Comparative: Germany, Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Spain, Finland, France, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Portugal, United Kingdom, and Sweden.

⁽³⁾ Comparative: Germany, Denmark, Spain, Finland, France, Ireland, Netherlands, United Kingdom, and Sweden.

⁽⁴⁾ Comparative: Germany, Austria, Belgium, Denmark, USA, Finland, France, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Norway, Netherlands, Portugal, United Kingdom, and Sweden.

⁽⁵⁾ Comparative: Austria, Spain, France, Ireland and Portugal

3. Preliminary findings

Southern European; social democratic countries and Japan: Denmark, Spain, Italy, Japan, and Sweden.

Conservative, Southern European; social democratic and liberal countries: Germany, Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Spain, Finland, France, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Portugal, United Kingdom, and Sweden.

Conservative, Southern European; social democratic and liberal countries: Germany, Denmark, Spain, Finland, France, Ireland, Netherlands, United Kingdom, and Sweden.

Conservative, Southern European; social democratic and liberal countries: Germany, Austria, Belgium, Denmark, USA, Finland, France, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Norway, Netherlands, Portugal, United Kingdom, and Sweden.

Conservative, Southern European; and liberal countries: Austria, Spain, France, Ireland and Portugal





3. Preliminary findings

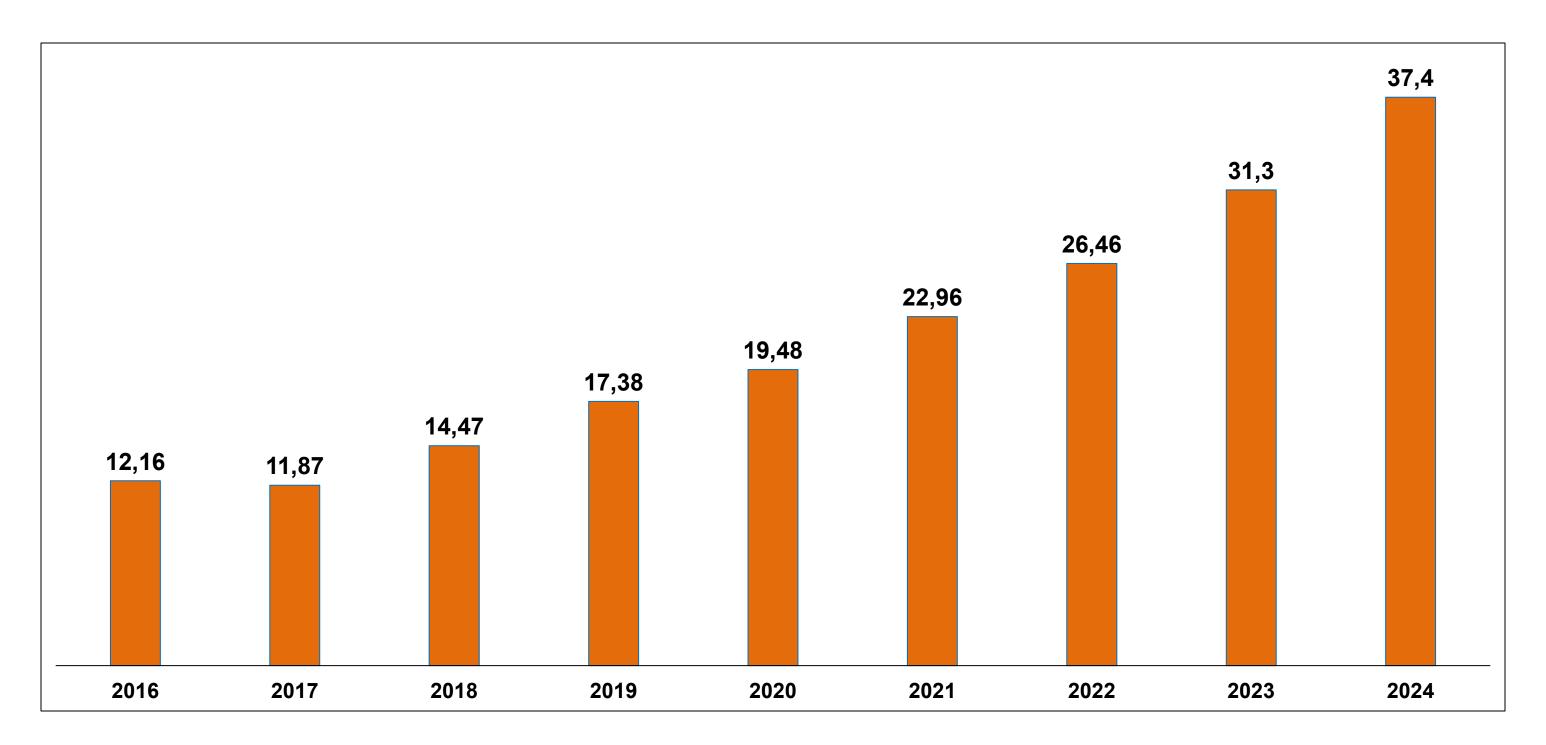
- Housing inequality and young people in Southern Europe: Theoretical arguments
 - Precarity, labor market and economy;
 - Housing market;
 - Family, income, and social class;
 - Cultural system;
 - Other (minor) arguments: gender; education and training; and religion.





	Timeline — housing policy developements and young people, in Southern Europe, 2018-2023								
Political events	 Sánchez I Government (PSOE) (Spain) Conte I Government (M5S, LSP and MAIE) 	Ursula von der Leyen President of European Commission XXII Constitutional Government (PS) (Portugal) Conte II Government (M5S, PD, LeU and MAIE) (Italy) Mitsotakis I Government (ND) (Greece)	 Beginning of the Covid-19 pandemic Sánchez II Government (PSOE and Unidas Podemos) (Spain) 	Beginning of the energy crisis Approval of the RRPs for Portugal, Spain, Italy, and Greece Dissolution of the Assembly of the Republic (Portugal) Draghi Government (M5S, LSP, PD, FI, IpF, IV and Art.1) (Italy)	 Beginning of the inflationary crisis Russia-Ukraine War XXIII Constitutional Government (PS) (Portugal) Meloni Government (FdI, LSP, FI, NM, MA, and MAIE) (Italy) 	End of the Covid-19 Israel-Hamas War Resignation of the XXIII Constitutional Government (Portugal) Sánchez III Government (PSOE and Sumar) (Spain) Mitsotakis II Government (ND) (Greece)			
	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023			
Portugal	• Amendment of "Porta 65 - Jovem" Programme	• PNAES - National Plan for Housing in Higher Education	• Amendment of PNAES	Amendment of PNAES	 Amendment of "Porta 65 - Jovem" Programme and PNAES 	• Rent to Sublet Program and amendment of "Porta 65 - Jovem" and PNAES			
Spain	• State Housing Plan 2018-2021	 Amendment of State Housing Plan 2018- 2021 	 Amendment of State Housing Plan 2018- 2021 		• "Bono Alquiler Joven", State Plan for Access to Housing 2022-2025 and amendment of the State Housing Plan 2018-2021				
Italy		• Amendment of the First Home Mortgage Guarantee Fund	 Amendment of the First Home Mortgage Guarantee Fund 	 Amendment of the First Home Mortgage Guarantee Fund 	• Youth Rental Bonus and amendment of the First Home Mortgage Guarantee Fund	 Amendment of the First Home Mortgage Guarantee Fund 			
Greece					 "My Home" Loan Program and "Coverage" Housing Assistance Program 	• "Save - Renovate for Young People" Program			

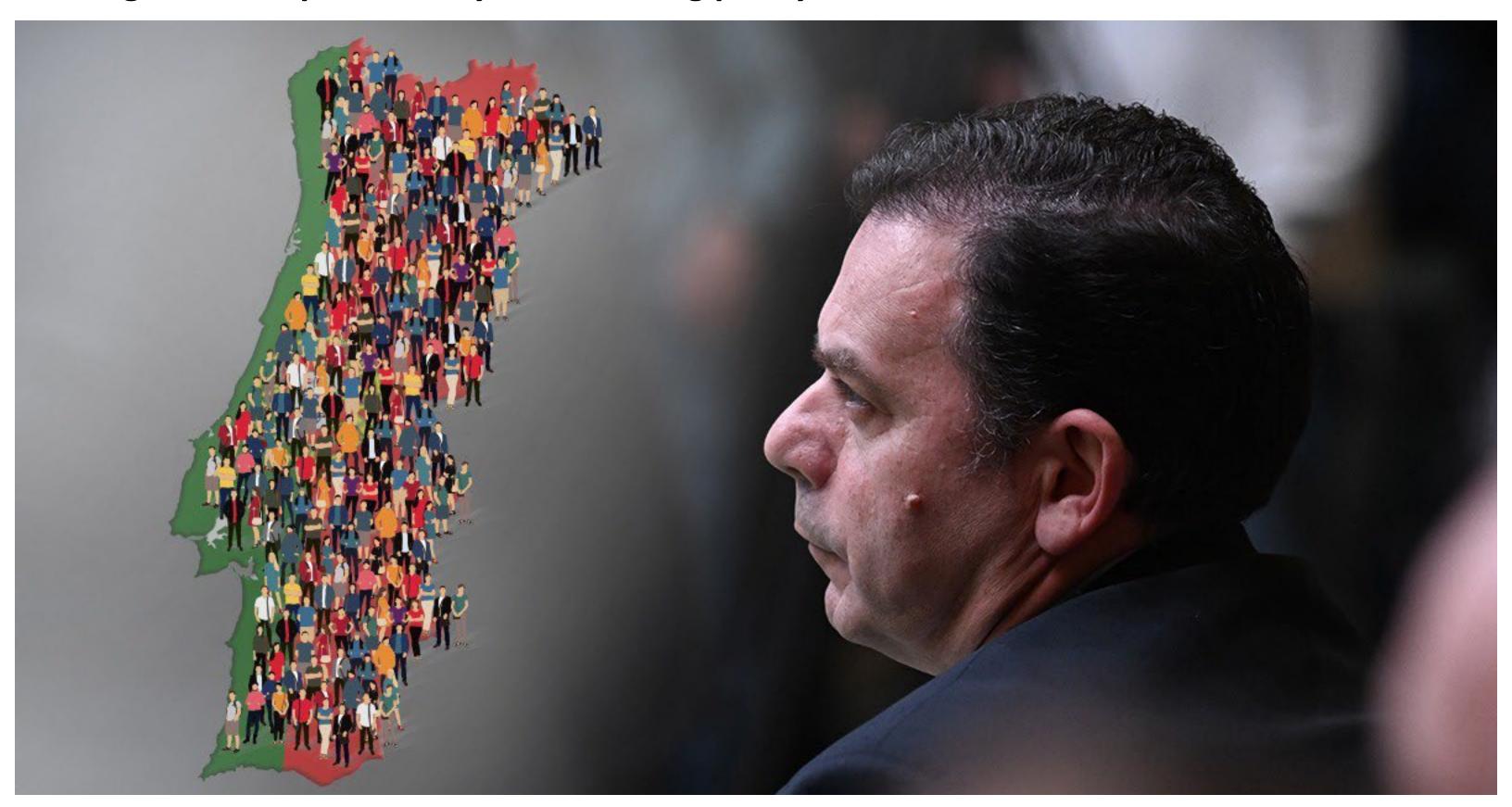
Global annual value of grants from the "Porta 65", 2016-2024 (M€)







Portugal: developments in youth housing policy in 2024



https://www.idealista.pt/news/imobiliario/habitacao/2024/05/12/63970-das-rendas-aos-jovens-as-30-medidas-do-novo-governo-para-a-habitacao

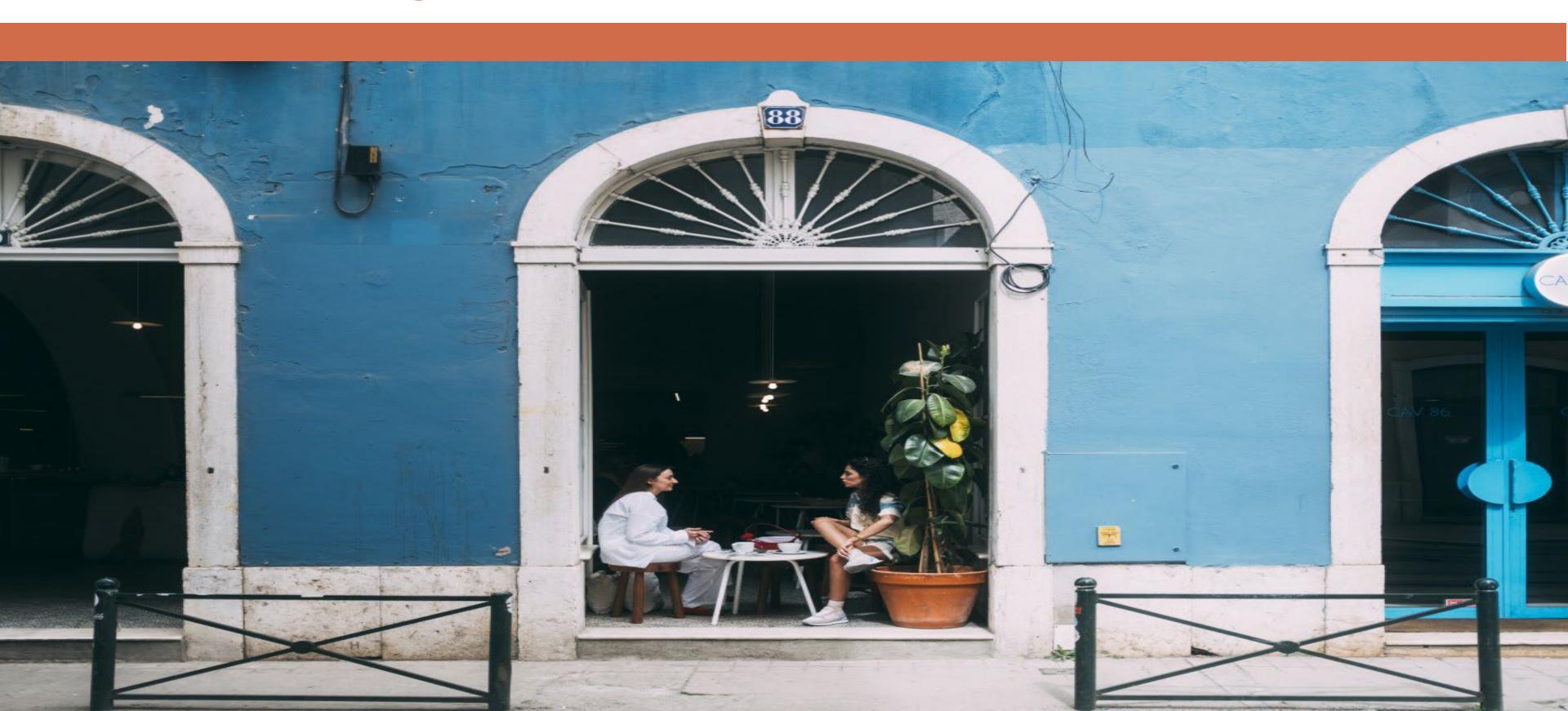
3. Preliminary findings

- Portugal: developments in youth housing policy in 2024
- Promoting Youth Housing.
- Public Guarantee for Young People: Enable young people to obtain bank financing for the purchase of their first home.
- Exemption from IMT and Stamp Duty: Grant exemptions from IMT (Municipal Property Transfer Tax) and Stamp Duty for young people up to 35 years old when purchasing their first home (up to 316,000€).
- Reform of the "Porta 65": Remove exclusions based on rent limits.
- Emergency Program for Student Housing: Implement the "National Housing Plan 2025-26" to provide students with an additional 18,000 beds.
- POSSIBLE IMPACT: incresse housing inequality.





4. Concluding Remarks



4. Concluding Remarks

- Southern European countries and young people housing inequality:
- Intergenerational inequality: present and future impacts;
- New social contract: welfare state future developments in (Southern) Europe;
- Urgent policy implications;
- Housing policy for young people in Southern European countries;
- New avenues of research: intergenerational justice; comparative; sustainable welfare; new social contract; welfare attitudes and politics; housing discontents.





Housing, Welfare, and Inequalities in Southern Europe: Exploratory Research from Portugal on Generation Z



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GRAZIE!

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Source: https://www.toonpool.com/cartoons/Mortgage%20drowning_100920tim



